National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Astrophysics

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Joint Meeting of the Astrophysics Program Analysis Groups

AAS 231st Meeting Washington, DC January 18, 2018 **Paul Hertz**

Director, Astrophysics Division Science Mission Directorate @PHertzNASA

This presentation is posted at https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/copag/meetings.php

www.nasa.gov

Outline



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International partnerships are extending opportunities	Charts 31-35
Investing in the community has been prioritized	Charts 36-38
Planning for the future is underway	Charts 39-44
Budget Update	Charts 45-48

A Balanced Plan, a Strategic Vision

Backups

48 Charts 49-50 Charts 51-54



NASA-related events before the Town Hall

- > Webb Proposal Planning Sun @ 8:30 am
- Using Python to Search NASA's Archives Sun, Mon
- ExoPAG Meeting Sun @ 2:00 pm
- PhysPAG Gravitational Wave SIG Mon @ 8:30 am
- ExoPAG Meeting Mon @ 9:00 am
- COPAG Technology Interest Group Mon @ 9:00 am
- > COPAG UV SIG Mon @ 9:00 am
- COPAG Cosmic Dawn SIG Mon @ 10:30 am
- PhysPAG X-ray SIG Mon @10:45 am
- PhysPAG Gamma-ray SIG Mon @ 11:00 am
- > Joint PAG Meeting Mon @ 1:30 pm
- ExoPAG & COPAG Meeting Mon @ 3:00 pm
- PhysPAG Mon @ 3:30 pm

- NASA Decadal Prep: Probe Studies (posters) Tue @ 9
- COPAG Far-IR SIG Tue @ 9:30 am
- NICER Status and opportunities Tue @ 10:00 am
- NASA Decadal Prep I: Large Studies Tue @ 10:00 am
- Hubble's UV Initiative Tue @ 10:00 am
- Science of LUVOIR Mission Concept Tue @ 2:00 pm
- Learning with NASA Astrophysics Tue @ 2:00 pm
- NASA Decadal Prep II: Probes Studies Tue @ 2:00 pm
- Science of LUVOIR Tue @ 2:00 pm
- Webb Town Hall Tue @ 6:30 pm
- HabEx Town Hall Tue @ 6:30 pm
- K2 and TESS Opportunities Tue @ 7:30 pm
- Exoplanet Science with WFIRST Wed, Jan 10 @ 10 am



NASA-related events after the Town Hall

> NASA Town Hall - Wed @ 12:45 pm in Potomac Ballroom C

- Origins Space Telescope (OST) Meeting Wed @ 1:30 pm in Chesapeake H
- What Can I do with LUVOIR Wed @ 2:00 pm in Chesapeake 7-8
- Astrophysics with WFIRST Wed @ 2:00 pm in National Harbor 6
- Decadal Survey 2020 Town Hall Wed @ 6:30 pm in Potomac Ballroom C
- NASA Exoplanet Exploration Program Update Thu @ 10:00 am in National Harbor 7
- > NASA Scientific Ballooning Town Hall Thu @ 12:45 pm in Potomac Ballroom D
- Ground Based Support for NASA Exoplanet Missions Thu @ 2:00 pm in National Harbor 7
- NASA Postdoctoral Program (NPP) Meet and Greet Thu @ 7:30 pm in National Harbor 14
- SOFIA Town Hall: New Opportunities Thu @ 7:30 pm in Potomac Ballroom D
- WFIRST Policy Panel Fri @ 10:00 am in National Harbor 2

NASA HQ seeking Program Scientists



- Senior NASA scientists responsible for overseeing execution of missions, research, and strategic planning:
 - Astrophysics: Open to all areas of space-based astrophysics
 - Earth Science: Emphasis on Meteorology & Atmospheric Dynamics
 - Heliophysics: Open to all areas of space-based heliophysics
 - Planetary Science: Emphasis on Ocean Worlds
- AST, Science Program Management at NASA HQ
 - Salary Range: \$114,590 \$164,200 (GS14 GS15)
- Applications accepted only through <u>USAJobs.gov</u>
 - Schedule: Open January 2 to February 2, 2018
 - Interested scientists should familiarize themselves with <u>USAJobs.gov</u> and begin to develop their resume and application within the <u>USAJobs.gov</u> system
- To apply see: <u>USAJobs.gov</u>
 - NASA Announcement Number: HQ18D0004

https://jobregister.aas.org/ad/806a2731 http://www.usajobs.gov/GetJob/ViewDetails/487663800

Visiting Program Scientists at NASA HQ



Steward the US Space Astro Program

- Bring your unique experience and perspective to the HQ team and provide strategic advice toward meeting NASA's scientific goals.
- Help NASA maximize the scientific return from its missions and research programs.
- Provide key linkage to the astrophysics community and help guide the long term planning of the astrophysics program.

What NASA is looking for

- Great team players & communicators.
- Ability to work on multiple programs & missions at the same time.
- Disciplinary expertise (e.g., data analysis, mission experience, theory, instrumentation).
- Ability to place knowledge in the broad context of US astrophysics.

What's in it for me? Become an expert in

- How science is enabled on the national and international stage.
- What makes a proposal successful for research programs and for missions / Explorers.
- Leading teams and multi-million dollar budgets.

Have a tangible and visible impact on the science done by NASA and our community - you can make a difference!

Next application opportunity: Fall 2018

- Only a CV + cover letter rolling evaluations.
- Must have a long-term position at a US institution.
- Start date is flexible. Individual research time is negotiable. Position renewable for up to 6 years.
- For info, reach out to any HQ scientist or email Thomas Hams (thomas.hams-1@nasa.gov).



NASA Astrophysics

A Balanced Plan A Strategic Vision

Why Astrophysics?

Astrophysics is humankind's scientific endeavor to understand the universe and our place in it.



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How did our universe begin and evolve?



How did galaxies, stars, and planets come to be?



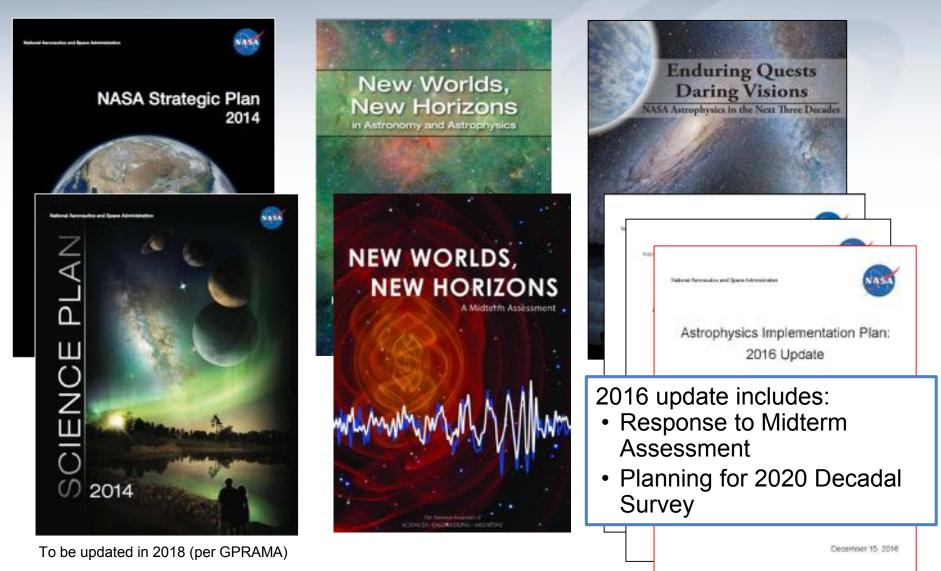
Are we alone?

Enduring National Strategic Drivers



Astrophysics Strategic Planning





https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/documents

Astrophysics Big Picture

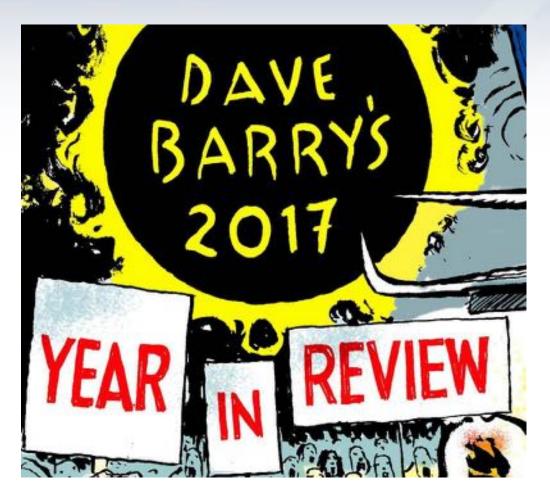


- The FY18 budget request would provide funding for NASA astrophysics to continue its planned programs, missions, projects, research, and technology.
 - Total requested funding for FY18 (Astrophysics including Webb) remains at ~\$1.35B.
 - The NASA Astrophysics FY18 budget request would fund Webb for a March June 2019 launch, WFIRST formulation, Explorers mission development, increased funding for R&A, continued operating missions, suborbital missions, technology development, and mission studies.
 - FY18 President's Budget Request balances current science and future missions; Congressional markups, if enacted without additional funding, would put that balance at risk.

 NASA continues to prioritize implementation of the recommendations of the 2010 Decadal Survey.

- National Academies' 2016 Midterm Assessment Report validates NASA's progress.
- Webb making good progress toward launch.
- WFIRST independent external Technical/Management/Cost review (WIETR) has led to direction to make design changes in WFIRST to stay within the \$3.2B cost target.
- NASA is conducting large and medium mission concept studies for the 2020 Decadal Survey.





February

NASA, in a major scientific discovery, announces that a star system less than 40 light-years away contains seven Earth-size planets, at least three of which appear to have a Starbucks.

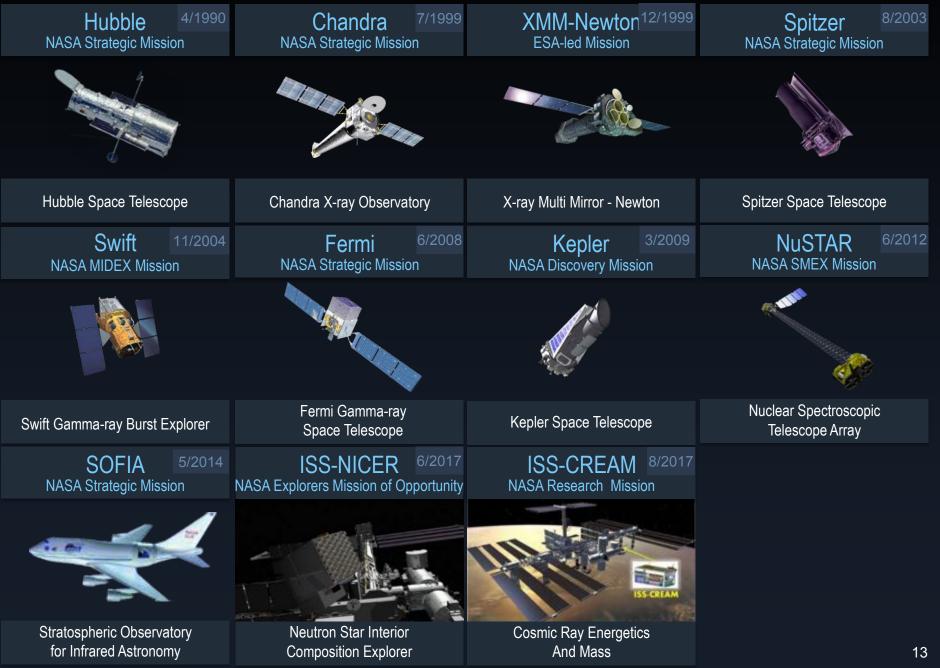
Current Program: an integrated strategic plan



We are executing a balanced strategic program for Astrophysics

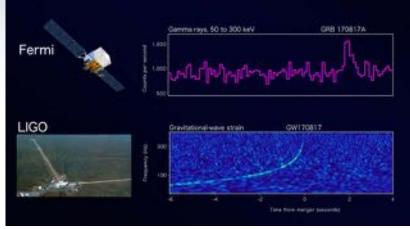
- Operating missions, large and small, continue to deliver paradigm changing science
 - See the many science results reported at this AAS meeting

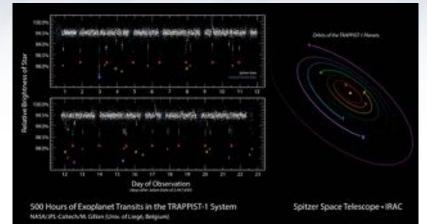
Astrophysics Missions in Operation



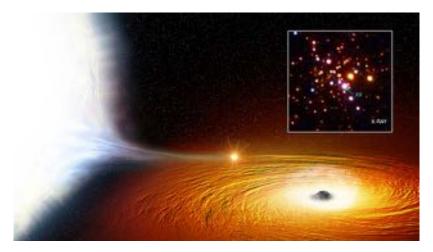
Some NASA Science Stories of 2017











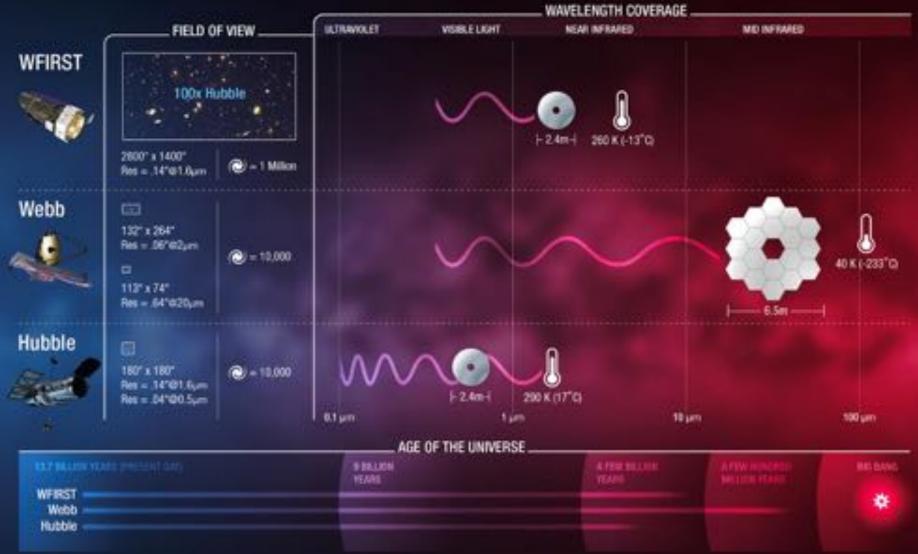
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GREAT OBSERVATORIES



Webb James Webb Space Telescope





Webb Town Hall: Tue @ 6:30 pm

Large Infrared Space Observatory

Top priority of 2000 Decadal Survey

Science themes: First Light; Assembly of Galaxies; Birth of Stars and Planetary Systems; Planetary Systems and the Origins of Life

Mission: 6.5m deployable, segmented telescope at L2, passively cooled to <50K behind a large, deployable sunshield

Instruments: Near IR Camera, Near IR Spectrograph, Mid IR Instrument, Near IR Imager and Slitless Spectrograph

Operations: 2019 launch for a 5-year prime mission

Partners: ESA, CSA

2017 Accomplishments

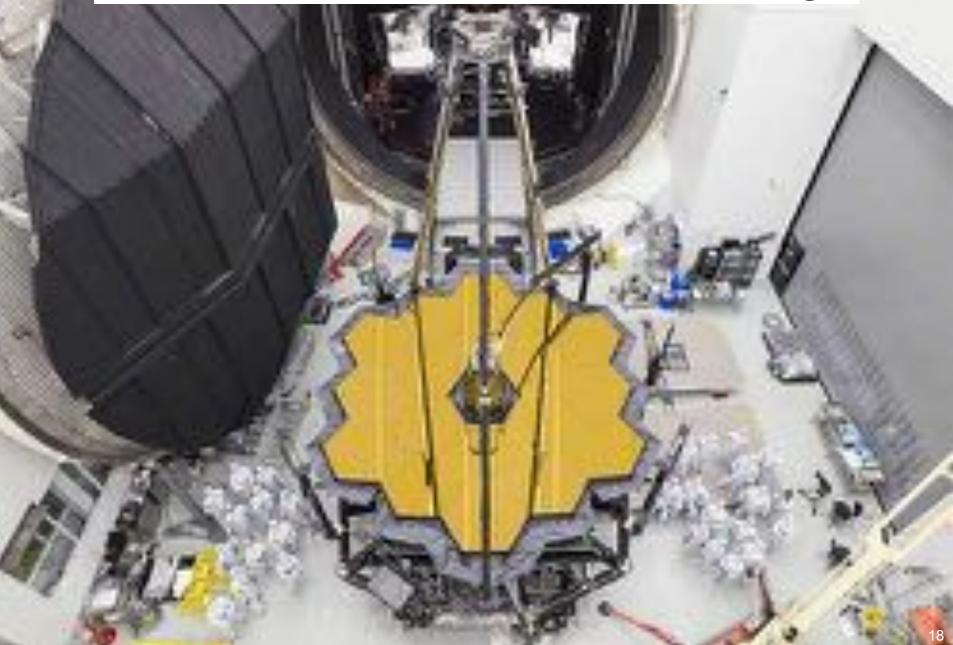
- Completed Science Payload vibration, and acoustics testing
- Solicited and selected Early Release Science proposals
- Received All Sunshield membranes
- Completed cryovacuum testing of the science payload
- Integrated the sunshield and spacecraft forming the Spacecraft Element (SCE)
- Completed first flight hardware sunshield deployment test

2018 Plans

- Complete Spacecraft Element testing
- Receive and Review Cycle 1 GO proposals
- Integrate the Science Payload to the SCE, forming the Observatory
- Begin testing the Observatory

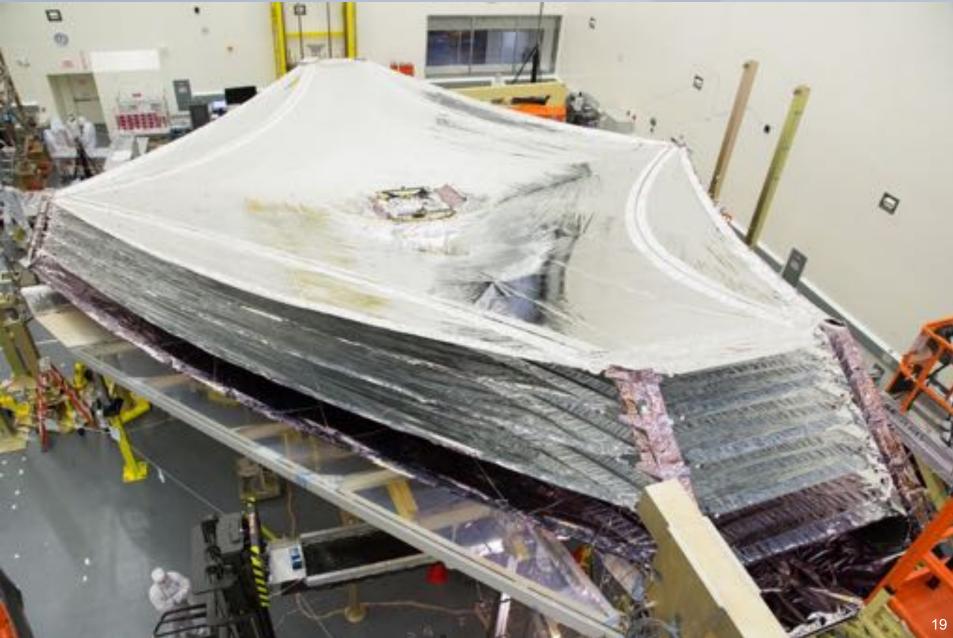
Webb remains within its replan budget guidelines

Webb OTIS after Thermal Vacuum Testing



Webb Sunshield Deployed





Webb Spacecraft and Sunshield Buildup



WFIRST Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope



CURRENT STATUS:

- Completed three-year technology development activities on WFIRST's two critical mission technologies (near infrared detectors and coronagraph technologies)
- WFIRST Formulation Science Working Group and Science Investigation Teams selected
- Conducted WFIRST Independent External Technical/Cost/Management Review (WIETR) in response to findings and recommendations in National Academies' Midterm Assessment
- WFIRST directed by SMD AA to modify the current WFIRST design in order to reduce cost and complexity sufficient to have a cost estimate consistent with the \$3.2B cost target set at the beginning of Phase A.
 - Coronagraph is technology demonstration instrument
 - An independent cost assessment will be conducted to validate the estimated cost as being consistent with the \$3.2B cost target.
 - SRR/MDR planned for February 2018.
 - KDP-B planned for March/April 2018.
 - Jeff Kruk is Project Scientist following loss of Neil Gehrels

https://wfirst.gsfc.nasa.gov/

Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope

Top priority of 2010 Decadal Survey

Science themes: Dark Energy, Exoplanets, Large Area Near Infrared Surveys

Mission: 2.4m widefield telescope at L2; using existing hardware, images $0.28deg^2$ at $0.8-2\mu m$

Instruments (design reference mission): Wide Field Instrument (camera plus IFU), Coronagraph Instrument (imaging/IFS) **Phase:** Currently in Formulation (Phase A)

>50 WFIRST Posters @ AAS Meeting WFIRST & Exoplanets, Wed @ 10:00 am WFIRST & Public Policy, Fri @ 10:00 am

WFIRST Independent External Review



https://www.nasa.gov/feature/nasa-receives-findings-from-wfirst-independent-review-team

WIETR Panel Membership

- Dr. Peter Michelson, Stanford U. (Co-Chair, Science)
- Mr. Orlando Figueroa, NASA (Ret.) (Co-Chair, Program)
- **Mr. Bob Bitten**, Aerospace Corp.
- Dr. David Charbonneau, Harvard U.
- Dr. Daniel Eisenstein, Harvard U.
- **Dr. Lynne Hillenbrand**, Caltech
- Mr. Dave Kusnierkiewicz, APL
- Dr. Dimitri Mawet, Caltech
- Mr. Pete Theisinger, JPL (Ret.)

- Dr. Roger Brissenden, SAO
- Ms. Eileen Dukes, Consultant
- Mr. Bill Green, JPL (Ret.)
- Dr. Anne Kinney, Keck Obs
- Dr. James Lloyd, Cornell U.
- Mr. Mark Saunders, NASA (Ret.)



Peter Michelson

Orlando Figueroa

WIETR Schedule	•
WIETR Review Announced	April 27, 2017
Panel Members Announced	June 22, 2017
Kickoff Meeting at GSFC	August 7 – 10, 2017
Site Visits by Subpanels	August 14 – 31, 2017
Formulation, Discussion, and Documentation of Findings	September 2017
Draft Report to SMD	Early October 2017
Final Report	October 19, 2017

WFIRST Direction Following WIETR Findings



https://www.nasa.gov/feature/nasa-receives-findings-from-wfirst-independent-review-team

- Goddard Space Flight Center to modify the WFIRST design to reduce cost and complexity to have a cost estimate consistent with the \$3.2B target set at the beginning of Phase A
- Basic architecture retained, including the existing widefield instrument, 2.4m telescope, and coronagraph instrument
- Reductions taken in widefield instrument and coronagraph instrument; coronagraph instrument treated as technology demonstration
- Cost of science investigations reduced
- Additional use of commercial subsystems for the spacecraft; serviceability for both the spacecraft and the payload retained
- Report the results of the re-scoping study at the System Requirements Review / Mission Design Review in February 2018, followed by independent cost assessment

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Approach to Re-scoping WFIRST



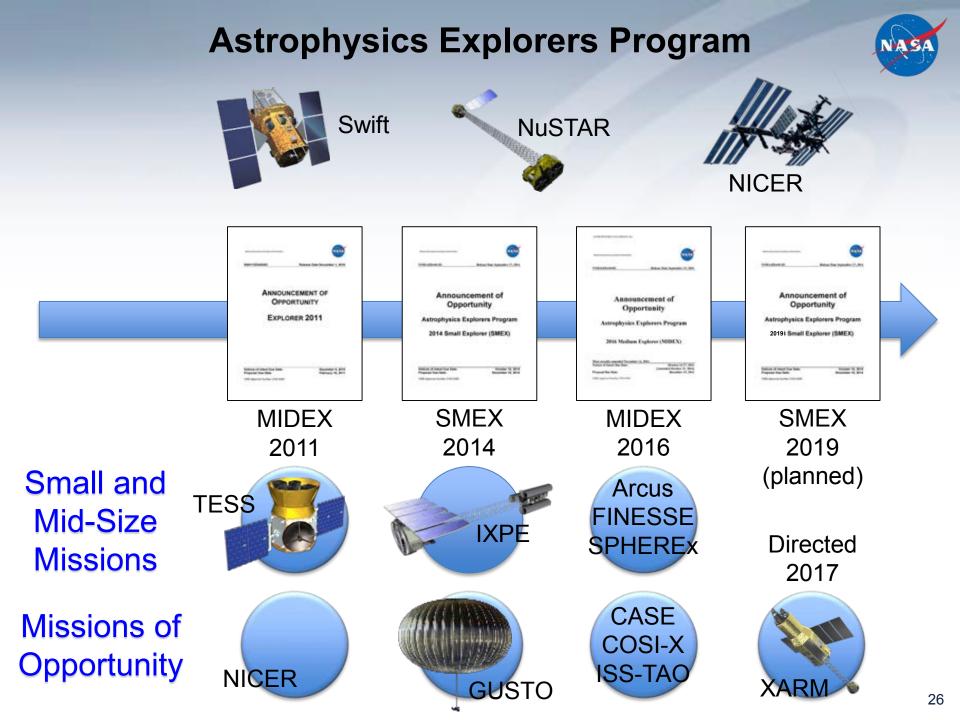
- Project estimate of cost to Science Mission Directorate has been reduced from ~\$3.6B to ~\$3.2B.
- Changes include the following (some cost up, most cost down):
 - Contribution to coronagraph technology demonstration instrument by NASA Space Technology Mission Directorate
 - Coronagraph Instrument treated as technology demonstration instrument
 - Fewer operation modes while retaining essential technology elements
 - Fewer science functions and no science pipeline
 - Shared risk Participating Scientist Program replaces GO Program
 - Reduced some Wide Field Instrument capabilities
 - Fewer operation and pipeline modes
 - Integral Field Channel contributed by international partners (NASA increase due to cost of accommodation)
 - Grism data pipeline contributed by international partner
 - Relaxed detector requirements increases yield during manufacture
 - Improved budget profile and accelerated schedule
 - Pulls in launch date 6 months
 - Additional mission risk reduction (sparing, testing, parts, etc.)

Current Program: an integrated strategic plan



We are executing a balanced strategic program for Astrophysics

- Operating missions, large and small, continue to deliver paradigm changing science
 - See the many science results reported at this AAS meeting
- Large strategic missions under development ...
 - Are next generation great observatories
 - Will rewrite textbooks
 - Can only be done by NASA
- A high cadence of Explorers has been resumed



TESS Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite





Medium Explorer (MIDEX) Mission

PI: G. Ricker (MIT)

Mission: All-Sky photometric exoplanet mapping mission.

Science goal: Search for transiting exoplanets around the nearby, bright stars.

Instruments: Four wide field of view (24x24 degrees) CCD cameras with overlapping field of view, operating in the Visible-IR spectrum (0.6-1 micron).

Operations: NLT June 2018 launch with a 3year prime mission including 2 years of spacecraft operations and an additional 1 year ground-based observations and analysis. High-Earth elliptical orbit (17 x 58.7 Earth radii).

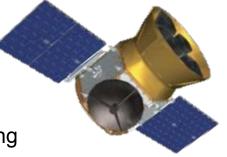
CURRENT STATUS:

- Both instrument and spacecraft bus completed and integrated.
- Observatory environmental testing completed.
- Spare camera long-duration testing has shown no unexpected focus drift anomalies to date.
- Cycle 1 Guest Investigator proposals received October 6, 2017.

SCHEDULE:

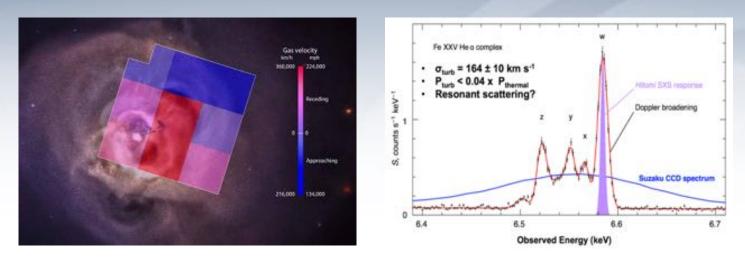
- ✓ July 2017 SIR
- ✓ August 2017 KDP-D
- ✓ Sept 2017 PER
- ✓ October Vibration testing
- ✓ November TVAC testing
- Late Jan 2018 Observatory I&T complete
- Early Feb 2018 Delivery to KSC payload processing facility
- February 2018 Selection of Cycle 1 GOs
- March 2018 Launch readiness date from Cape Canaveral FL

https://tess.gsfc.nasa.gov/ https://tess.mit.edu/



X-ray Astronomy Recovery Mission (XARM)





- XARM is the successor to ASTRO-H/Hitomi.
- Mission will include an X-ray microcalorimeter and an X-ray imager.
- NASA will provide same hardware contribution as for Hitomi: X-ray microcalorimeter and X-ray mirrors.
- XARM now in Phase A. Critical Design Review completed in November 2017, Confirmation Review (KDP-C) to start Phase C in January 2018.
- U.S. Community Involvement
 - U.S. Participating Scientists on XARM Science Team: proposals received in December 2017 and currently under review.
 - U.S. Scientists on Guaranteed Time Observing (GTO) Target Teams: to be selected approx. 1 year before launch.
 - General Observing (GO) Program: Open to U.S. scientists starting 6-9 months after launch.

Astrophysics Explorers in Competitive Phase A



Current and Future Explorer AOs



- NASA is maintaining a cadence of 4 Astrophysics Explorers AOs per decade, as recommended by Decadal Survey and validated by Midterm Assessment.
 - Midterm Assessment Recommendation 4-3: "NASA's Astrophysics Division should execute its current plan, as presented to the committee, of at least four Explorer Announcements of Opportunity during the 2012-2021 decade, each with a Mission of Opportunity call, and each followed by mission selection."
- Most recent Astrophysics Explorers Program AO, released in September 2016, was for a MIDEX and Mission of Opportunity (MO).
 - Three MIDEX mission proposals and three Mission of Opportunity proposals selected in August 2017 for 9-month competitive Phase A studies
 - Down-selection: Early 2019 (target)
 - MIDEX launch readiness date no later than December 2023
 - MO launch readiness date no later than December 2022, except for Partner MOs whose launch date is set by the host mission.
- Next Astrophysics Explorers Program AO will be for a SMEX and MO and is targeted for release in 2019.
- Subsequent Astrophysics Explorers Program AO is for a MIDEX and MO and is targeted for release in late 2021.

Current Program: an integrated strategic plan



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- A high cadence of Explorers has been resumed
- International partnerships extend science opportunities for all

Astrophysics Missions in Development

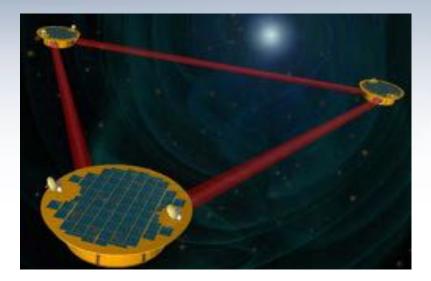


Astrophysics Missions in Pre-Formulation



LISA Laser Interferometer Space Antenna





Third ESA Cosmic Vision Large mission

- ESA mission with NASA participation
- Decadal Survey recommendation
- Space-based gravitational wave observatory Launch Date: 2034

Science Objective: Study astrophysical phenomena and the universe using gravitational waves U.S.-based Technologies in Development:

- Lasers
- Telescopes
- Microthrusters
- Phasemeters
- Charge Management System

https://lisa.nasa.gov/

CURRENT STATUS:

- Selected as Third ESA Cosmic Vision Large Mission in June 2017
 - Phase 0 ended December 2017
 - Phase A starts January 2018
- NASA has established a LISA Study Office at GSFC.
- NASA is funding five US-based technologies with the aim of reaching TRL 5/6 by Adoption (nominally 2022-2024).
- NASA and U.S. community participating in LISA Science Study Team and the LISA Consortium.
 - Kelly Holley-Bockelman (Vanderbilt), David Shoemaker (MIT), and Robin (Tuck) Stebbins (Colorado) are NASA nominated members to ESA LISA Science Study Team
- NASA established a NASA LISA Study Team to interface with NASA LISA Study Office, LISA Consortium, and Decadal Survey
 - Chair is Kelly Holley-Bockelman (Vanderbilt)

LISA Preparatory Science



- The LISA Preparatory Science (LPS) is a new program element of ROSES-2018.
- The LPS Program will provide support for US investigators involved in analysis and interpretation of simulated LISA data.
 - It is **not** intended to support hardware work, which is funded separately, or to develop mission concepts.
- Proposals to the LPS Program may request support for:
 - Performing high-fidelity simulations of the expected waveforms for LISA sources;
 - Developing data analysis and statistical techniques useful for the extraction of scientific measurements from LISA data (e.g., parameter estimators, etc.);
 - Developing prototype data analysis tools, including innovative approaches to instrument simulation, that take into account the anticipated LISA mission performance;
 - Evaluating the capability of LISA data for enabling astrophysics investigations;
 - Conducting astrophysics investigations that prepare for the analysis and interpretation of the LISA data.
- Proposals will need to clarify how the proposed project fits in or augments ongoing efforts at the Study Office or in the LISA Consortium

Current Program: an integrated strategic plan

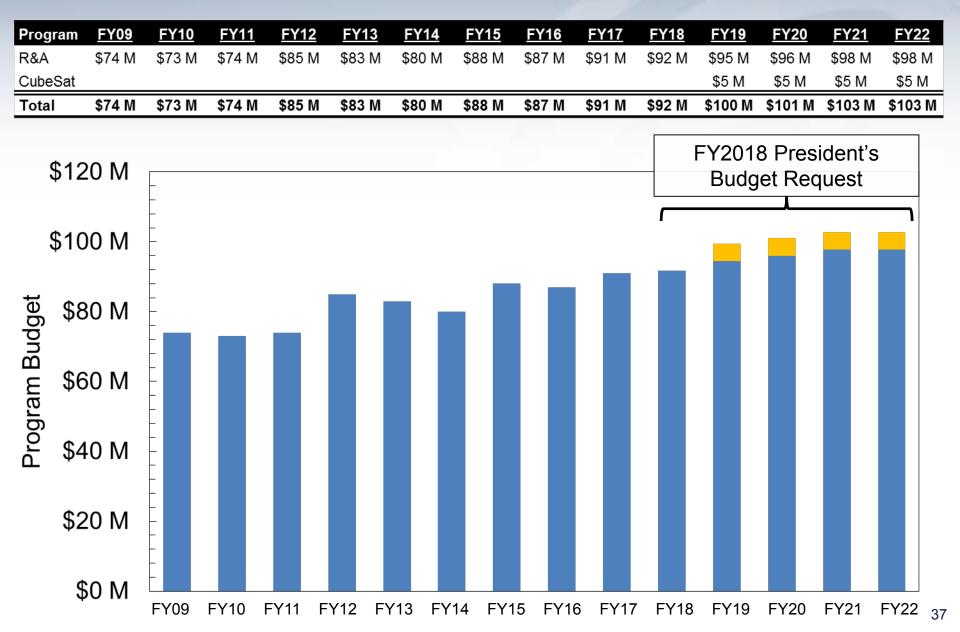


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- Investing in the community has been prioritized
 R&A technology development supporting capabilities
 - R&A, technology development, supporting capabilities,

Growth in R&A Support

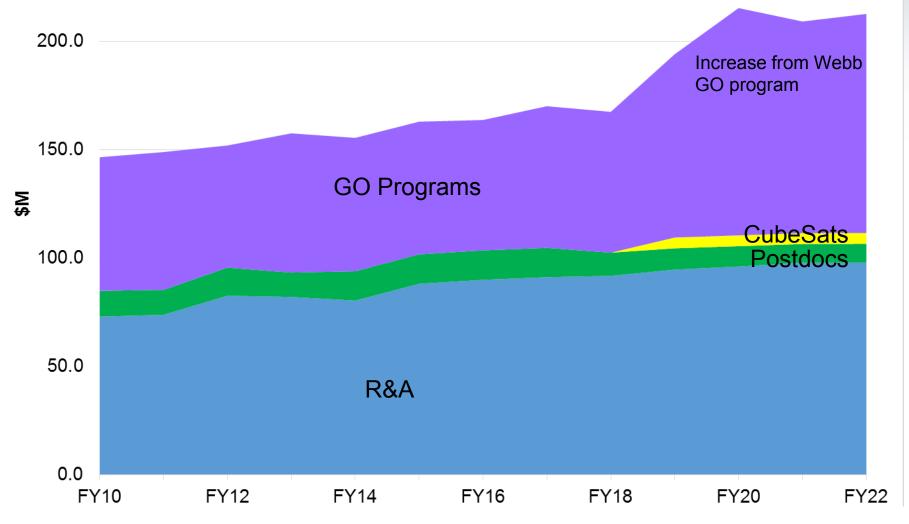




Growth in Total Community Support



Does not include SAT or science teams for flight projects (e.g. Webb, WFIRST, Explorers)



GO programs funded from Chandra, Fermi, Hubble, Kepler/K2, NuSTAR, SOFIA, Spitzer, Swift, TESS, Webb, XARM, XMM; does not include possible extensions following the 2019 Senior Review.

Current Program: an integrated strategic plan

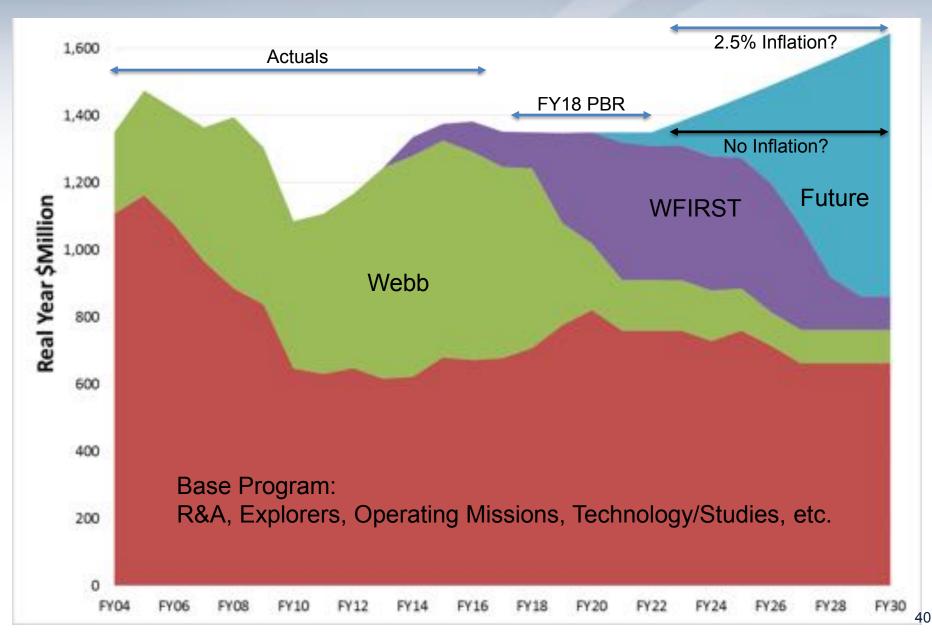


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- International partnerships extend science opportunities for all
- Investing in the community has been prioritized
 R&A, technology development, supporting capabilities,
- Planning for the future is underway
 - Mission concept studies, technology investments

Planning for the Future





Preparing for the 2020 Decadal Survey

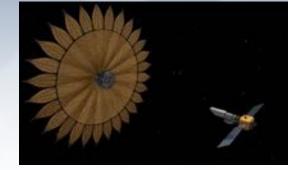


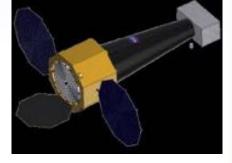
Large Mission Concept Studies

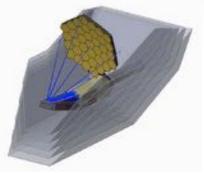


HabEx LUVOIR

Lynx OST







- Medium (Probe) Concept Studies
 - Cosmic Dawn Intensity Mapper (A. Cooray)
 - Cosmic Evolution through UV Spectroscopy Probe (W. Danchi)
 - Galaxy Evolution Probe (J. Glenn)
 - High Spatial Resolution X-ray Probe (R. Mushotzky)
 - Inflation Probe (S. Hanany)
 - Multi-Messenger Astrophysics Probe (A. Olinto)
 - Precise Radial Velocity Observatory (P. Plavchan)
 - Starshade Rendezvous Mission (S. Seager)
 - Transient Astrophysics Probe (J. Camp)
 - X-ray Timing and Spectroscopy Probe (P. Ray)

https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020-decadal-survey-planning

Preparing for the 2020 Decadal Survey Large Mission Concepts



	Community STDT Chairs	AAS Sessions			
Habitable Exoplanet Imaging Mission www.jpl.nasa.gov/habex	Scott Gaudi Sara Seager	Tue @ 6:30 pm in Maryland 1-2			
Large UV/Optical/IR Surveyor asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir	Debra Fischer Bradley Peterson	Tue @ 2:00 pm in Chesapeake I Wed @ 2:00 pm in Chesapeake 7-8			
Lynx X-ray Surveyor www.astro.msfc.nasa.gov/lynx	Feryal Ozel Alexey Vikhlinin				
Origins Space Telescope asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/firs	Asantha Cooray Margaret Meixner	Wed @ 1:30 pm in Chesapeake H			

Special Session on NASA Mission Concept Studies: Large Scale Studies, Tue @ 10:00 am Probes mission concept studies, Tue @ 2:00 pm

http://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020-decadal-survey-planning/

Preparing for the 2020 Decadal Survey Technology Development



HabEx

- 12 of 12 gaps being addressed
- mirror coatings, starshade starlight suppression, starshade controlling scattered sunlight, starshade lateral formation sensing, starshade petal position accuracy, starshade petal shape and stability, telescope vibration control, deformable mirrors, visible detectors, large aperture primary mirror, wavefront sensing and control, coronagraph optics and architecture

LUVOIR

- 7 of 9 gaps being addressed
- closed-loop segment phasing, vibration isolation, wavefront sensing and control, mirror segments, high-contrast segmentedaperture coronagraphy, deformable mirrors, near infrared detectors, visible detectors, mirror coatings

Lynx X-ray Surveyor

- 4 of 5 gaps being addressed
- high-resolution lightweight X-ray optics, nondeforming X-ray reflecting coatings, megapixel X-ray imaging detectors, large-format, high resolution X-ray detectors, X-ray grating arrays

Origins Space Telescope

- 2 of 5 gaps being addressed
- far-infrared (FIR) detectors, cryogenic readouts for large-format FIR detectors, warm readout electronics for large-format FIR detectors, sub-Kelvin Coolers, cryogenic FIR mirror segments
- Purple: technologies being advanced through SAT or directed development,
- Bold: technologies being advanced by WFIRST or ATHENA
- *Italics*: technologies being worked on through the STDT's design studies
- Additional gaps being addressed through APRA but not tallied here

Segmented Mirror Telescope Technology



NASA is committed to advance and mature key mirror technologies for future large telescopes that could be recommended in the upcoming decade.

- **Genesis**: RFI issued on February 6, 2017 (NNG17FB01RFI), multiple responses received; informed planning.
- Phase 1: ROSES NRA (D.15) issued on December 1, 2017; \$2.5M available in FY18 to fund one or more 1-year system-level segmented telescope design studies; proposals due February 1, 2018.
 - NASA is soliciting industry proposals to carry out system-level engineering design and modeling studies of large segmented-aperture telescopes, with integrated coronagraphs, that will lead to the identification of priority technology investments.
 - For astronomy at ultraviolet, visible, and near-infrared wavelengths a key technology priority is sub-nanometer wavefront stability.
 - For astronomy at mid- and far-infrared wavelengths, a key technology priority is to dramatically reduce mirror manufacturing and verification costs.
- **Phase 2**: RFP for 2-years soliciting testbed and laboratory demonstrations of key technologies; \$10M for FY19 and FY20 (planned).
- Phase 3: Post-Decadal, RFP for 3-years soliciting maturing key technologies; \$15M for FY21-23 (tentative, depends on Decadal Survey priorities).

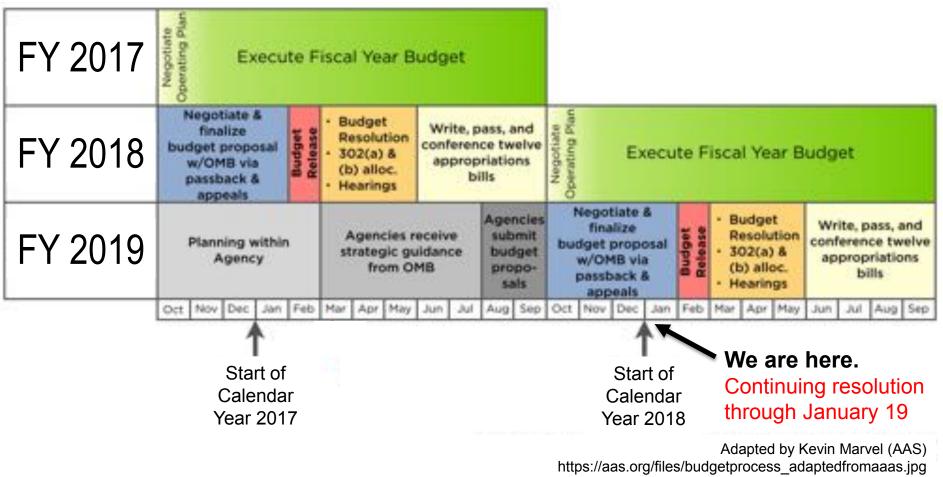


NASA Astrophysics

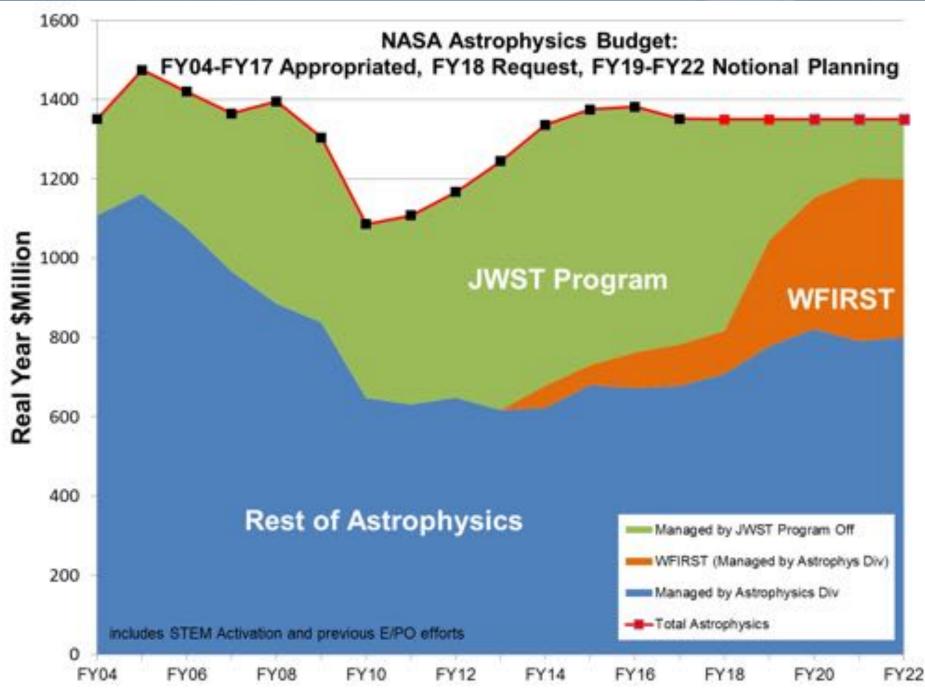
Budget Update

Federal Budget Cycle





from budget presentation by Matt Hourihan (AAAS) http://www.aaas.org/page/presentations



FY18 Appropriation Markups



Both Markups

- Follow the Decadal Survey
- Webb must be \$533.7M (= requested) but do not overrun
- STEM Activation must be \$44.0M (= request); other language

House Markup

- Core R&A must be \$74.1M (= request)
- SOFIA must be \$85.2M (+\$5.3M over request, = FY17 level); other language
- WFIRST must be \$126.6M (= request) but spend \$20M on starshade technology
- Language on high energy observatories, astrophysics probes, finding target(s) for interstellar probe

Senate Markup

- WFIRST must be \$150.0M (+23.4M over request); review; data w/ Hubble, Webb
- Hubble must be \$98.3M (+\$15M over request)
- At least \$10M on "life detection technology"; consistent with request (maybe)

FY18 PBR	FY18 Markups	
\$ 1,350.5 M	\$ 1,350.5 M	
\$ 941.6 M	\$ 995.3 M	Webb, WFIRST, Hubble, SOFIA, R&A, STEM, "Life Detect Tech" *
\$ 408.9 M	\$ 355.2 M	\$53.7M (13%) reduction
	\$ 1,350.5 M \$ 941.6 M	\$ 941.6 M \$ 995.3 M

NASA Astrophysics: an integrated strategic plan



We are executing a balanced strategic program for Astrophysics

- Operating missions, large and small, continue to deliver paradigm changing science
 - See the many science results reported at this AAS meeting
- Large strategic missions under development ...
 - Are next generation great observatories
 - Will rewrite textbooks
 - Can only be done by NASA
- A high cadence of Explorers has been resumed
- International partnerships extend science opportunities for all
- Investing in the community has been prioritized
 R&A, technology development, supporting capabilities,
- Planning for the future is underway
 - Mission concept studies, technology investments



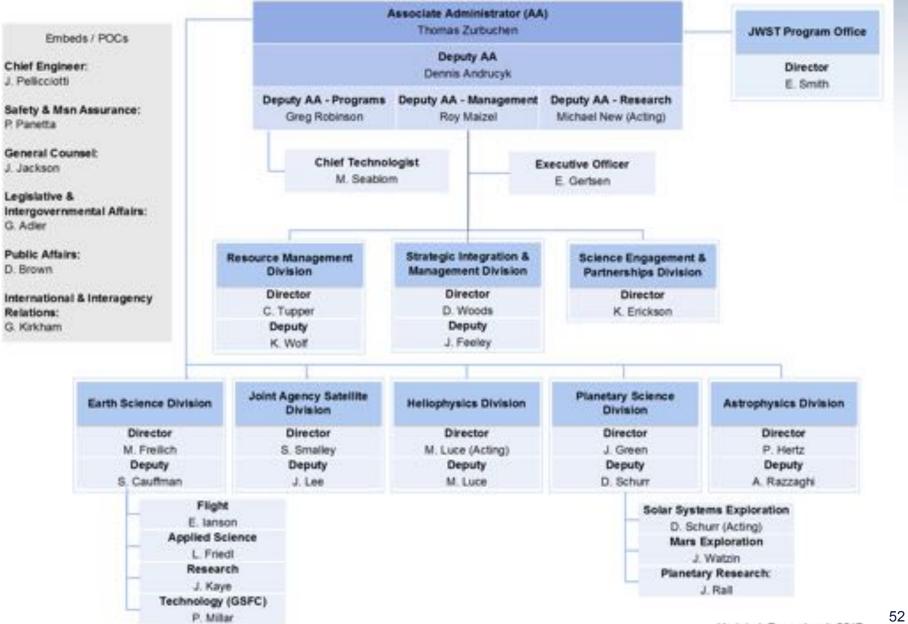


NASA Astrophysics

Backup

SMD Organization Chart

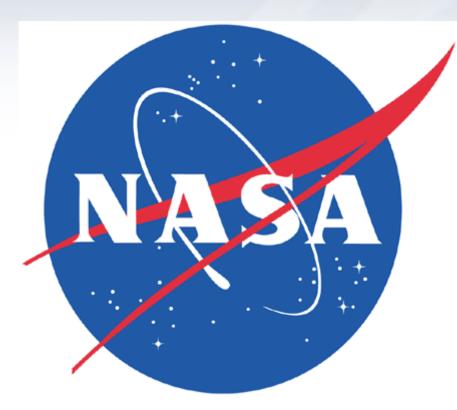




Astrophysics Division, NASA Science Mission Directorate

Resource Management Omana Cawthon+	Director Paul Hertz	Programs / Missions & Projects		
Clemencia Gallegos-Kelly+	Deputy Director	055	Program Scientist	Program Executive
Debra Mcneill+	Andrea Razzaghi	Strategic Astroph	and the second se	
		WFIRST	Dominic Benford*	John Gagosian
Lead Secretary:	Kelly Johnson	Exoplanet Explor		
Secretary: Kyle Nero Program Support Specialist: Jackie Mackall Cross Cutting		Program Keck Kepler/K2 LBTI	Doug Hudgins Hashima Hasan Mario Perez* Doug Hudgins	John Gagosian Maric Perez* Jeff Hayes Maric Perez*
		NN-EXPLORE		Mario Perez*
Technology Lead: Nasse		Cosmic Origins (
Education POC: Hashima Hasan (Lead Comm Team) Public Affairs Lead: Kartik Sheth Information Manager: Lisa Wainio* Strategic Planning: Rita Sambruna		Program Mario Perez* Herschel Dominic Benford Hubble Michael Garcia* SOFIA Kartik Sheth	Mario Perez* Dominic Benford* Michael Garcia*	Shahid Habib Jeff Hayes Jeff Hayes Lucien Cox* Jeff Hayes
Astrophysics Research		Webb*	Hashima Hasan	N/A
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Cosmic Ray, Fund Physics:	Ingrid Farrell* Doug Hudgins Keith MacGregor*	Program Athena Chandra Euclid Fermi LISA Planck ST-7/LPF XMM-Newton	Rita Sambruna Michael Garcia* Stefan Immier* Eric Tollestrup* Stefan Immier* Rita Sambruna Rita Sambruna Rita Sambruna Stefan Immier*	Shahid Habib Shahib Habib Jeff Hayes Shahid Habib Jeff Hayes Jeff Hayes Jeff Hayes Jeff Hayes
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Tollestrup* Lab Astro: Doug Hudgins, William Latter* Theory & Comp Astro Net: Keith MacGregor* Roman Tech Fellows: Nasser Bargoughty*		NuSTAR Swift TESS XARM	Stefan Immler* Martin Stil* Martin Stil* Dan Evans	Jeff Hayes Jeff Hayes Mark Sistili Shahid Habib
	Hashima Hasan			
Astrophysics Sounding Rocket Balloons Program	s: Thomas Hams* Vernon Jones(PS), Mark Sistilli (PE)	Member of the Res Detailee, IPA, or of	ources Management Divi ontractor	alon
	Vernon Jones(PS), Jeff Hayes (PE)	- and the set of the set of	JWST Program Office.	Dec. 28 201

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Astrophysics Division Science Mission Directorate National Aeronautics and Space Administration